*French Semantic Primes, with English equivalents (Bert Peeters, 2015)*

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| **JE, TU, QUELQU’UN, QUELQUE CHOSE~CHOSE, GENS, CORPS** | substantives |
| i, you, someone, something~thing, people, body |
| **TYPES, PARTIES** | relational substantives |
| kinds, parts |
| **CE, LA MÊME CHOSE, AUTRE** | determiners |
| this, the same, other~else |
| **UN, DEUX, CERTAINS, TOUS, BEAUCOUP, PEU** | quantifiers |
| one, two, some, all, much~many, little~few |
| **BIEN, MAL** | evaluators |
| good, bad |
| **GRAND, PETIT** | descriptors |
| big, small |
| **SAVOIR, PENSER, VOULOIR, NE PAS VOULOIR, SENTIR, VOIR, ENTENDRE** | mental predicates |
| know, think, want, don’t want, feel, see, hear |
| **DIRE, MOTS, VRAI** | speech |
| say, words, true |
| **FAIRE, ARRIVER, BOUGER** | actions, events, movement |
| do, happen, move |
| **ÊTRE (QUELQUE PART), IL Y A, ÊTRE (QUELQU’UN/QUELQUE CHOSE)** | location, existence,specification |
| be (somewhere), there is, be (someone/something) |
| **(EST) À MOI** | possession |
| (is) mine |
| **VIVRE, MOURIR** | life and death |
| live, die |
| **QUAND~MOMENT~FOIS, MAINTENANT, AVANT, APRÈS, LONGTEMPS, PEU DE TEMPS, POUR QUELQUE TEMPS, INSTANT** | time |
| when~time, now, before, after, a long time, a short time, for some time, moment |
| **OÙ~ENDROIT, ICI, AU-DESSUS, AU-DESSOUS, LOIN, PRÈS, CÔTÉ, DANS, TOUCHER** | place |
| where~place, here, above, below, far, near, side, inside, touch |
| **NE…PAS, PEUT-ÊTRE, POUVOIR, À CAUSE DE, SI** | logical concepts |
| not, maybe, can, because, if |
| **TRÈS, PLUS** | intensifier, augmentor |
| very, more |
| **COMME~FAÇON** | similarity |
| like~as~way |

**Notes**: • Exponents of primes can be polysemous, i.e. they can have other, additional meanings • Exponents of primes may be words, bound morphemes, or phrasemes • They can be formally complex • They can have language-specific combinatorial variants (allolexes, indicated with ~) • Each prime has well-specified syntactic (combinatorial) properties.